Networking Through Print and Vocabulary

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ALL Students Proficient and Showing Growth in All Assessed Areas

EVERY School Has Effective Teachers and Leaders



EVERY Student Graduates from High School and is Ready for College and Career **EVERY** Community Effectively Uses a World-Class Data System to Improve Student Outcomes



☆ 3 **EVERY** Child Has Access to a High-Quality Early Childhood Program

EVERY School and District is Rated "C" or Higher





VISION

To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens

MISSION

To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community



Thank you in advance for....

- Being present
- Being an open-minded professional
- Being respectful of your peers
- Sharing your thoughts and ideas
- Asking questions for clarification
- Stepping out of your comfort zone to collaborate with others





STEP 1

Learn & Confirm

Collaborate & Practice

STEP 2

Reflect Plan Implement

STEP 3



What do you think?

How can children best understand Print and how does it relate to Expanding Their Vocabulary?







Understanding Print Knowledge and its connection to Vocabulary



Print Knowledge is directly related to Print Awareness, which is a pathway that leads to words, which ultimately conveys language

Print Knowledge is a foundational piece of Literacy, that all children can encompass to become great readers





Why is Print Important? 9

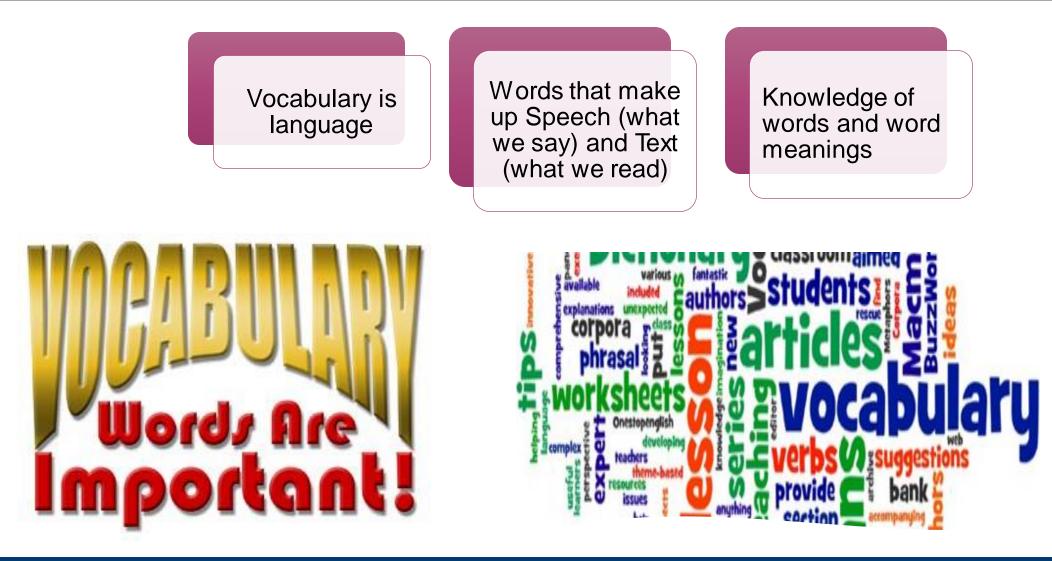
✓ It is a precursor to reading

- It helps children understand the alphabetic principle
- It is associated with achievement in Vocabulary and Spelling
- ✓It is included in state standards



What is Vocabulary?

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Why is Vocabulary Important?



Improves Reading Comprehension



Helps Development Language



Translates to being an Effective Communicator



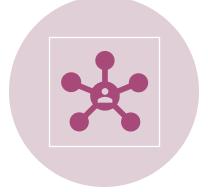
Expands Writing Skills







Vocabulary: A Network of Words



KNOWLEDGE OF WORDS IS ORGANIZED IN NETWORKS OF MEANING A NETWORK OF WORDS HELPS US LEARN NEW WORDS THAT CONNECT TO WORDS WE ALREADY KNEW









Test your knowledge









Print Knowledge is a foundational piece that can 15 help children become great reader.





False

True



The two parts of Reading Comprehension are ¹⁶ Decoding and Reorganizing.









A Network of Words helps us Connect New Vocabulary words to words we know.





True





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How do we make the connection to The Read Alouds?

• Text must be relatable

Text should have real-world applications

Language Modeling must be applied

Students must be able to explain their thinking



Explicit, Implicit, and Incidental Instruction

Explicit Instruction is for introducing a new skill or concept.

EXAMPLE Use the I Do, We Do, You Do routine to teach the letter N.

Implicit Instruction is for children to practice a skill or concept that has previously been explicitly taught, with less scaffolding than explicit instruction.

EXAMPLE After the letter N is explicitly taught, practice identifying it during read- alouds.

Incidental Instruction takes advantage of teachable moments.



EXAMPLE At snack time, ask, "Can anyone find the letter N on your wrapper?"







1. As the children finish singing the welcome song, Ms. Smith writes the letter Dd on chart paper for all the children to see. She says, "Today, friends, we will be learning all about the letter Dd. The letter D says /d/. Everyone say D /d/. Let's think of some words that begin with the letter D and write them on our chart paper."

2. While walking to the playground, Jose points to a poster and says, "Look, Ms. Smith, there is the letter B!" Ms. Smith says, "Yes! Look children, Jose found the letter B. What sound does B make?" Many children shout out, "/b/!" Ms. Smith says, "That is correct. B says /b/. Everyone look at the B and say /b/."

Explicit	Implicit	Incidental	Explicit	Implicit	Incidental
children complete an to sort paper flower p them. They work tog matching flower cent	art craft, Ms. Smith wo betals with the letters P ether to attach the flow ter. When Keyana is uns scaffold her learning.	orks with Keyana 9 and B written on 1/2 ver petals to their	4. After a read-aloud, a child in the library area is looking at a book and tracking. "Watch, Ms. Smith, I'm reading!" Ms. Smith sits down next to the child and says, "I see you're tracking your finger across the page just the way I do! Where do we go from here?" The child correctly shows her. Then, Ms. Smith reads the page while the child moves his finger along.		
Explicit	Implicit	Incidental	Explicit	Implicit	Incidental



Thank YOU for all that YOU contribute to Early Childhood in Mississippi! 22





Questions





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